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Active House

Edifici che producono più di quanto consumano

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Contacts:
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General Secretary
Active House Alliance,

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L'origine del progetto

Piano EU 2020

- 20% Riduzione CO_2
- 20% Energia rinnovabile
- 20% Efficienza energetica

Direttive sulle prestazioni energetiche degli edifici (2010)

- Edifici a energia quasi zero (NZEB)
- Piani nazionali di attuazione

Applicazioni a livello nazionale (2011=>)

- Interpretazione della normativa NZEB
- Metodologia di sviluppo
- Aggiornamento legislativo e dei requisiti edilizi

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La situazione attuale

40% dell'energia mondiale

- viene utilizzata per il riscaldamento e il raffrescamento degli edifici
- il 90% del patrimonio edilizio attuale sarà ancora in uso nel 2050

Trascorriamo il 90% del nostro tempo

- all'interno di edifici,
- almeno il 30% degli edifici non offre un clima interno sano

Le sfide climatiche si giocano a livello globale

- le risorse sono limitate
- i rifiuti aumentano

E' ora di agire!

Le tecnologie già esistenti possono fare la differenza!

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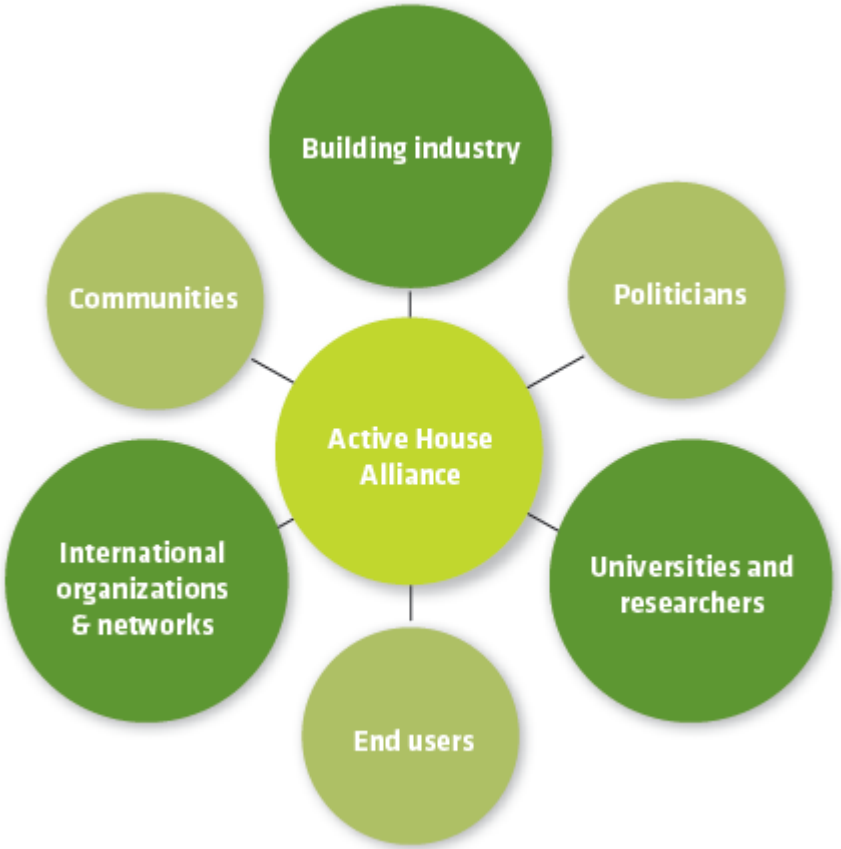
Partner e target groups



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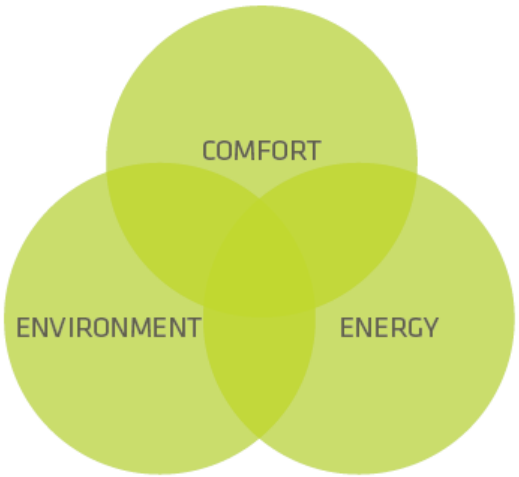
Active House: la visione

Edifici che producono più di quanto consumano

L'idea su cui si basa il concetto di Active House è quella di realizzare edifici che permettono una vita sana e confortevole a chi li abita, senza impattare in modo negativo sul clima.



Comfort

– *Crea condizioni abitative migliori*

Una Active House offre ai suoi abitanti un clima interno più sano e confortevole, apportando luce naturale e ventilazione. I materiali utilizzati non impattano negativamente sul comfort e sul clima interno.

Energia

– *Permette agli edifici di ottenere un bilancio energetico positivo*

Una Active House è un edificio ad alta efficienza energetica. Tutta l'energia necessaria al suo funzionamento deriva da fonti di energia rinnovabili integrate nell'edificio stesso o da vicini impianti collettivi di energia.

Ambiente

– *Ha un impatto positivo sull'ambiente*

Una Active House interagisce in modo positivo con l'ambiente circostante, inserendosi in maniera ottimale all'interno del contesto locale, grazie a un uso attento delle risorse e a un basso impatto ambientale durante il suo intero ciclo di vita.

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Active House: approfondimenti

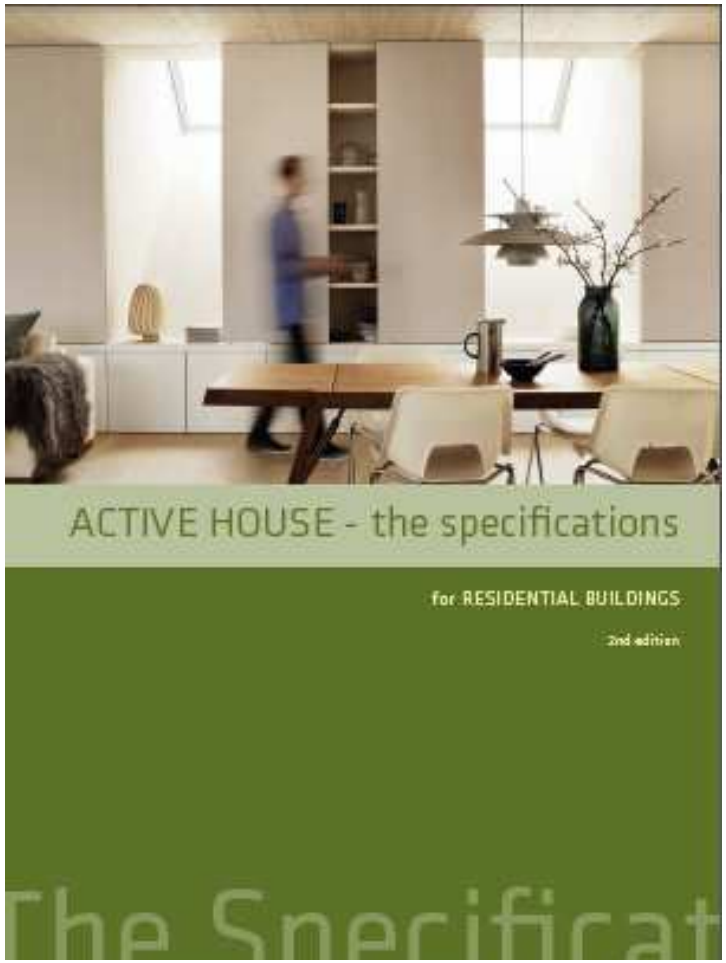
Edifici che producono più di quanto consumano

Criteri quantitativi
Classificazione: 1 (migliore) – 4 (accettabile)

Comfort
- Luce Naturale
- Temperatura degli ambienti
- Qualità dell'aria all'interno degli ambienti

Energia
- Consumo energetico
- Fornitura energetica
- Prestazione energetica

Ambiente
- Carico ambientale
- Consumo di acqua
- Edilizia sostenibile



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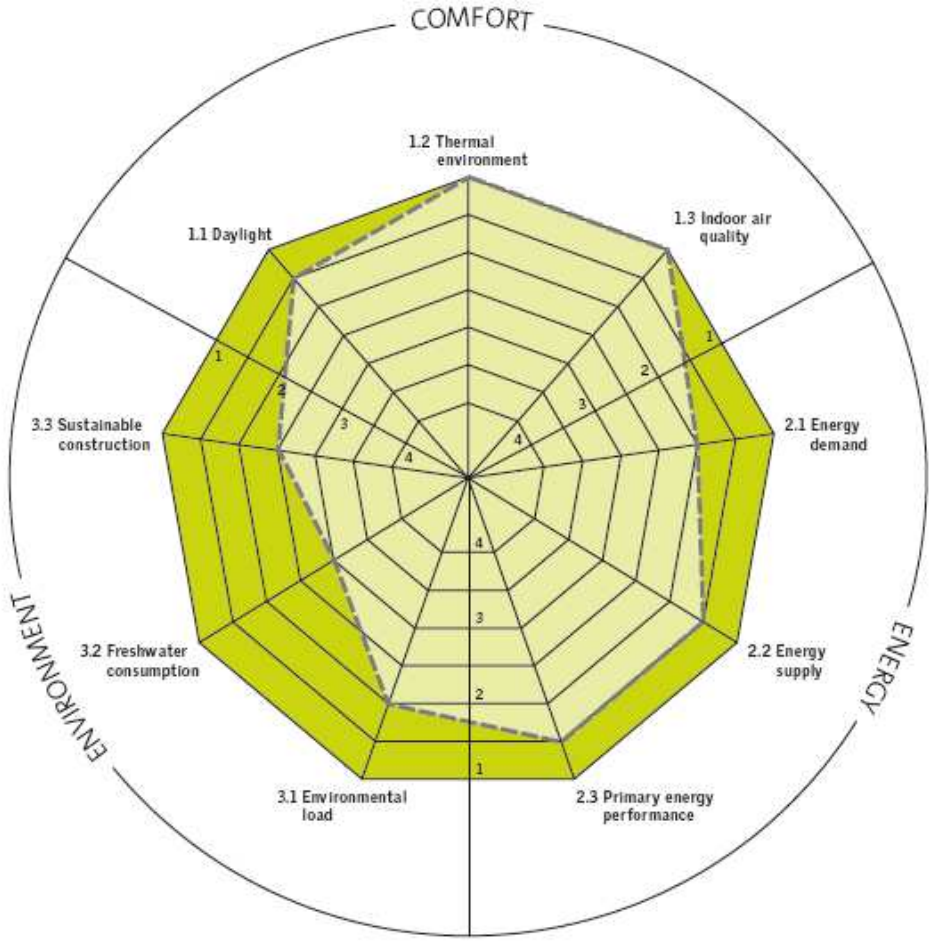
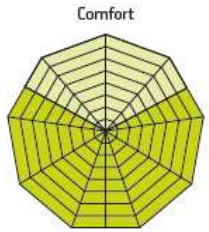
Active House: approfondimenti

Prestazioni nel diagramma radar



Active House: approfondimenti

Comfort

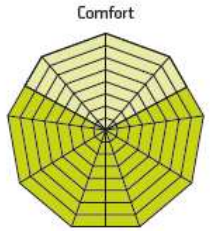


Trascorriamo il 90% del nostro tempo in ambienti chiusi; di conseguenza la qualità del clima interno ha un impatto significativo sulla nostra salute e sul nostro comfort.

Un clima interno sano è una caratteristica fondamentale di una Active House. Il design stesso dell'edificio deve permettere di ottenere buone condizioni di illuminazione naturale, un buon comfort termico e una buona qualità dell'aria.
Per ottenere questi risultati è importante rispettare determinati dettagli costruttivi.

Active House: approfondimenti

Comfort



Luce Naturale

PARAMETER	VALUE	CRITERIA	SCORE
1.1.1 Daylight factor		The amount of daylight in a room is evaluated through average daylight factor levels on a horizontal work plane: 1. DF > 5% on average 2. DF > 3% on average 3. DF > 2% on average 4. DF > 1% on average Daylight factors are calculated using a validated daylight simulation program.	
1.1.2 Direct sunlight availability		For minimum one of the main habitable rooms, sunlight provision should be available between autumn and spring equinox: 1. At least 10% of probable sunlight hours 2. At least 7.5% of probable sunlight hours 3. At least 5% of probable sunlight hours 4. At least 2.5% of probable sunlight hours The evaluation is made according to British Standard BS 8206-2:2008 "Lighting for buildings – Part 2: Code of practice for daylight".	
		TOTAL AVERAGE:	

Temperatura degli ambienti

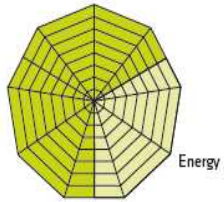
PARAMETER	VALUE	CRITERIA	SCORE
1.2.1 Maximum operative temperature		The maximum indoor temperature limits apply in periods with an outside T_{rm} of 12°C or more. For living rooms, kitchens, study rooms, bedrooms etc. in dwellings without mechanical air conditioning and with adequate opportunities for natural (cross or stack) ventilation, the maximum indoor operative temperatures are: 1. $T_{op} < 0.33 \times T_{rm} + 20.8$°C 2. $T_{op} < 0.33 \times T_{rm} + 21.8$°C 3. $T_{op} < 0.33 \times T_{rm} + 22.8$°C 4. $T_{op} < 0.33 \times T_{rm} + 23.8$°C T_{rm} is the Running Mean outdoor temperature as defined in 'chapter 3.11 External temperature, running mean of EN 15251:2007'. For living rooms etc. in residential buildings with air conditioning, the maximum operative temperatures are: 1. $T_{op} < 25.5$°C 2. $T_{op} < 26$°C 3. $T_{op} < 27$°C 4. $T_{op} < 28$°C For bedrooms (especially at night time), a 2°C lower value should preferably be used than indicated above as people are more sensitive to high temperatures when sleeping or trying to fall asleep. Also, in kitchens higher temperatures than indicated can be allowed periodically, e.g. during cooking activities. The system should be designed to achieve the values, the users can however choose other settings. Reference: EN 15251:2007.	
1.2.2 Minimum operative temperature		The minimum indoor temperature limits apply in periods with an outside T_{rm} of 12°C or less. For living rooms, kitchens, study rooms, bedrooms etc. in dwellings, the minimum operative temperatures are: 1. $T_{op} > 21$°C 2. $T_{op} > 20$°C 3. $T_{op} > 19$°C 4. $T_{op} > 18$°C The system should be designed to achieve the values, the users can however choose other settings.	
		TOTAL AVERAGE:	

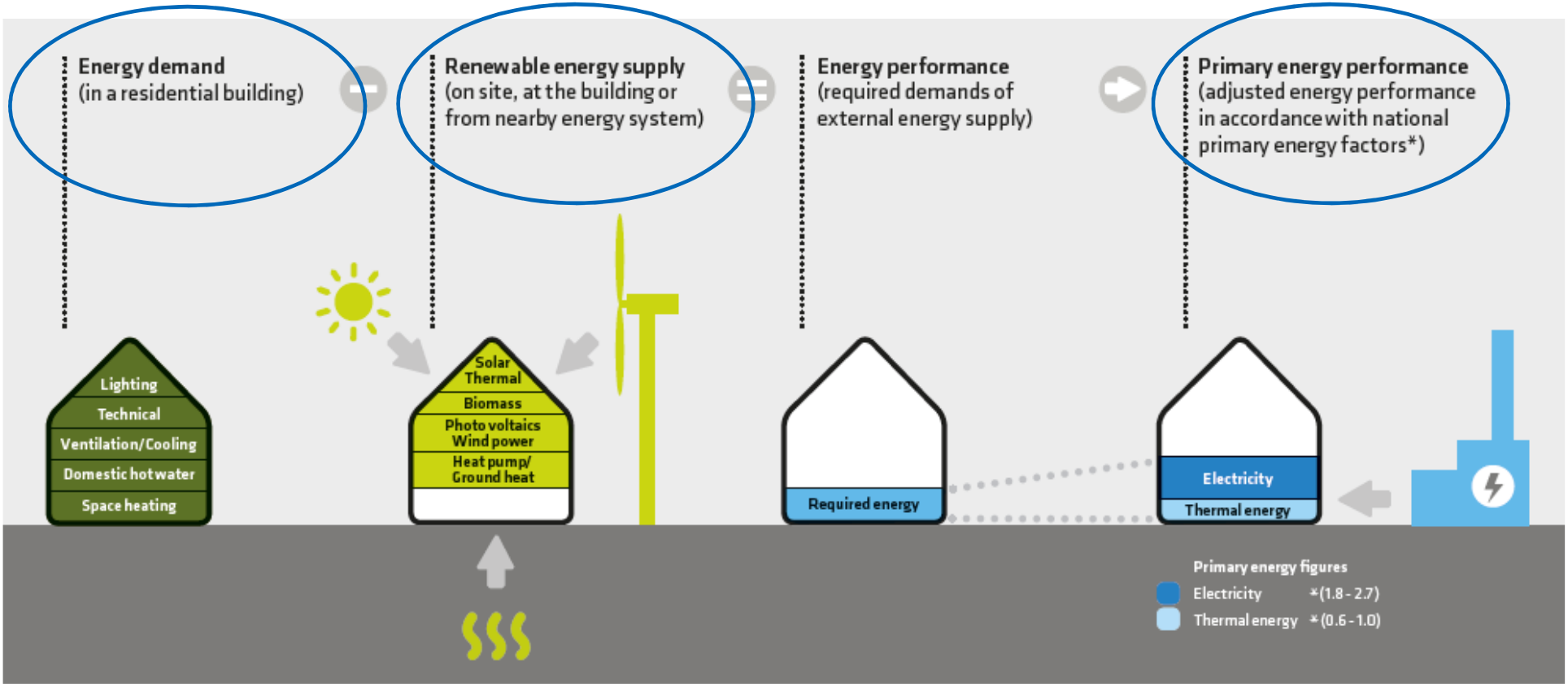
Qualità dell'aria negli ambienti

PARAMETER	VALUE	CRITERIA	SCORE
1.3.1 Standard fresh air supply		The fresh air supply shall be established according to the below limit values for indoor CO_2 concentration in living rooms, bedrooms, study rooms and other rooms with people as the dominant source and that are occupied for prolonged periods: 1. 500 ppm above outdoor CO_2 concentration 2. 750 ppm above outdoor CO_2 concentration 3. 1000 ppm above outdoor CO_2 concentration 4. 1200 ppm above outdoor CO_2 concentration	

Active House: approfondimenti

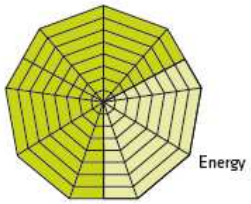
Energia





Active House: approfondimenti

Energia



Consumo energetico

PARAMETER	VALUE	CRITERIA	SCORE
2.1 Annual energy demand		1. ≤ 40 kWh/m² 2. ≤ 60 kWh/m² 3. ≤ 80 kWh/m² 4. ≤ 120 kWh/m²	

Energia rinnovabile

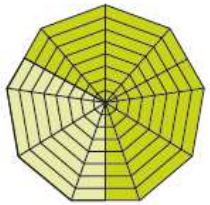
PARAMETER	VALUE	CRITERIA	SCORE
2.2 Origin of energy supply		1. 100% or more of the energy used in the building is produced on the plot or in a nearby system 2. ≥ 75% of the energy used in the building is produced on the plot or in a nearby system 3. ≥ 50% of the energy used in the building is produced on the plot or in a nearby system 4. ≥ 25% of the energy used in the building is produced on the plot or in a nearby system	

Prestazione energetica

PARAMETER	VALUE	CRITERIA	SCORE
Annual primary energy performance		1. < 0 kWh/m² for the building 2. 0-15 kWh/m² for the building 3. 15-30 kWh/m² for the building 4. ≥ 30 kWh/m² for the building	

Active House: approfondimenti

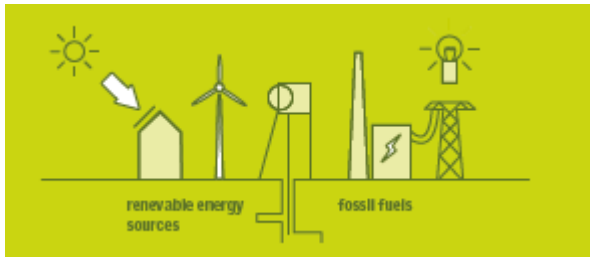
Ambiente

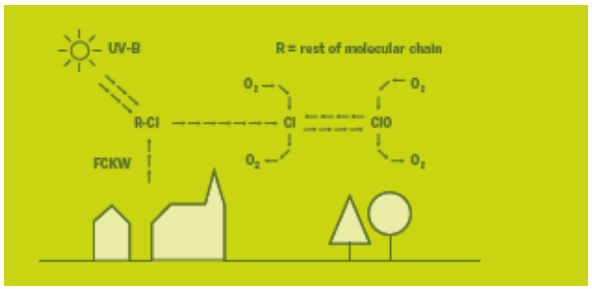


Le sfide che affrontiamo in ambito ambientale si giocano a livello locale, regionale e globale.

Nella progettazione di una Active House è importante che tali sfide vengano prese in considerazione. Soprattutto con l'obiettivo di ottenere una nuova generazione di edifici con un impatto positivo sull'ambiente.

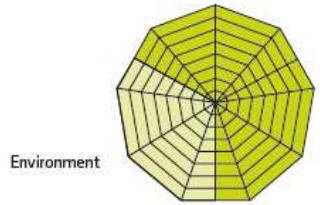
Già in fase di progettazione dovrebbero essere fatte delle considerazioni in merito a come le Active House utilizzano materiali edilizi e risorse.





Active House: approfondimenti

Ambiente



Carico ambientale

PARAMETER	VALUE	CRITERIA	SCORE
3.1.1 Building's primary energy consumption during entire life cycle		1. < -150 kWh/m²×a 2. < 15 kWh/m²×a 3. < 150 kWh/m²×a 4. < 200 kWh/m²×a	
3.1.2 Global warming potential (GWP) during building's life cycle.		1. < -30 kg CO_2-eq./m²×a 2. < 10 kg CO_2-eq./m²×a 3. < 40 kg CO_2-eq./m²×a 4. < 50 kg CO_2-eq./m²×a	
3.1.3 Ozone depletion potential (ODP) during building's life cycle.		1. < 2.25E-07 kg R_{11}-eq./m²×a 2. < 5.3E-07 kg R_{11}-eq./m²×a 3. < 3.7E-06 kg R_{11}-eq./m²×a 4. < 6.7E-06 kg R_{11}-eq./m²×a	
3.1.4 Photochemical ozone creation potential (POCP) during building's life cycle.		1. < 0.0025 kg C_2H_4-eq./m²×a 2. < 0.0040 kg C_2H_4-eq./m²×a 3. < 0.0070 kg C_2H_4-eq./m²×a 4. < 0.0085 kg C_2H_4-eq./m²×a	
3.1.5 Acidification potential (AP) during building's life cycle.		1. < 0.010 kg SO_2-eq./m²×a 2. < 0.075 kg SO_2-eq./m²×a 3. < 0.100 kg SO_2-eq./m²×a 4. < 0.125 kg SO_2-eq./m²×a	
3.1.6 Eutrophication potential (EP) during building's life cycle.		1. < 0.0040 kg PO_4-eq./m²×a 2. < 0.0055 kg PO_4-eq./m²×a 3. < 0.0085 kg PO_4-eq./m²×a 4. < 0.0105 kg PO_4-eq./m²×a	
		TOTAL AVERAGE:	

Consumo di acqua

PARAMETER	VALUE	CRITERIA	SCORE
3.2.1 Minimisation of freshwater consumption during building's use[1]		Calculation is based on the national average water consumption per building per year 1. Improvement ≥ 50% (vs average) 2. Improvement ≥ 30% 3. Improvement ≥ 20% 4. Improvement ≥ 10% $\% = \frac{\text{National average} - \text{building consumption} \times 100}{\text{National average}}$	

Edilizia sostenibile

PARAMETER	VALUE	CRITERIA	SCORE
3.3.1 Recyclable content		By weight, the average of recycled content for all building materials (weighted by the proportion of the material in the building) could be: 1. ≥ 50% 2. ≥ 30% 3. ≥ 10% 4. ≥ 5% 80% of the weight of the building should be accounted for. (In the recycled content, we take into account internal, pre-consumer and post-consumer recycling).	
3.3.2 Responsible sourcing		1. 100% of the wood used is certified (FSC, PEFC) and 80% of the new material suppliers have a certified EMS 2. 80% of the wood used is certified (FSC, PEFC) and 50% of the new material suppliers have a certified EMS 3. 65% of the wood used is certified (FSC, PEFC) and 40% of the new material suppliers have a certified EMS 4. 50% of the wood used is certified (FSC, PEFC) and 25% of the new material suppliers have a certified EMS	
		TOTAL AVERAGE:	

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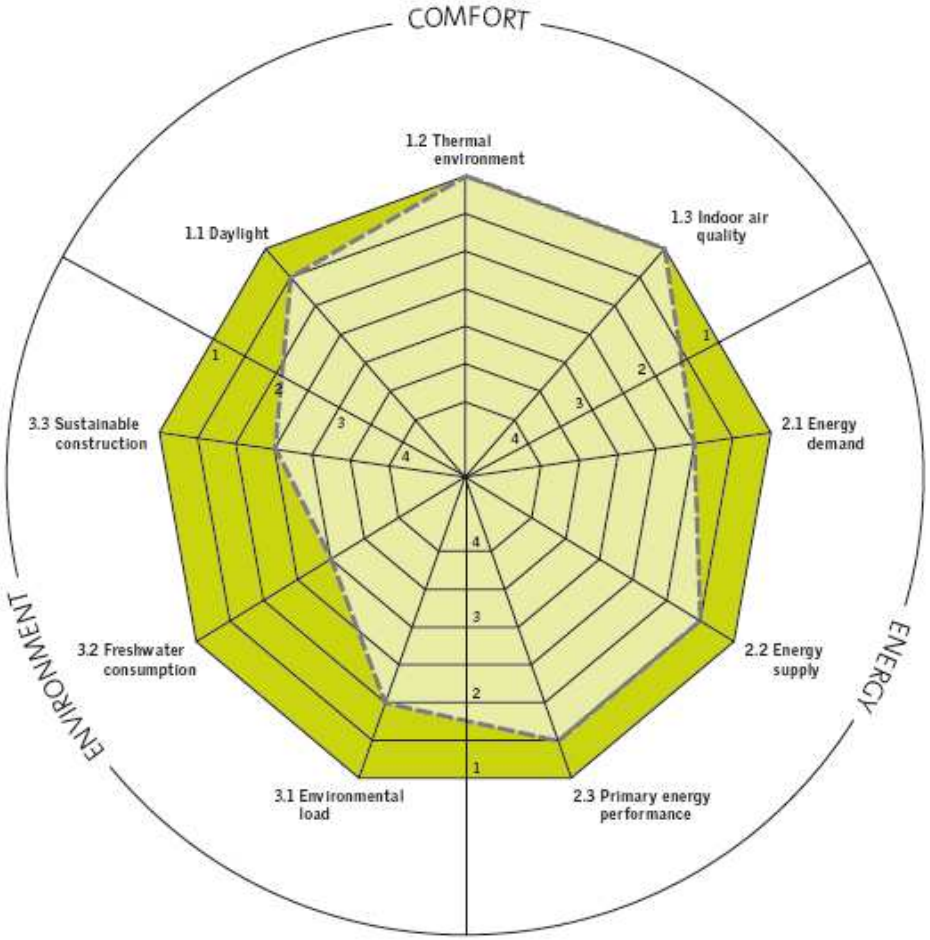
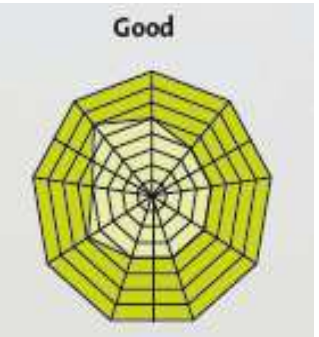
Active House: approfondimenti

Prestazioni nel diagramma radar





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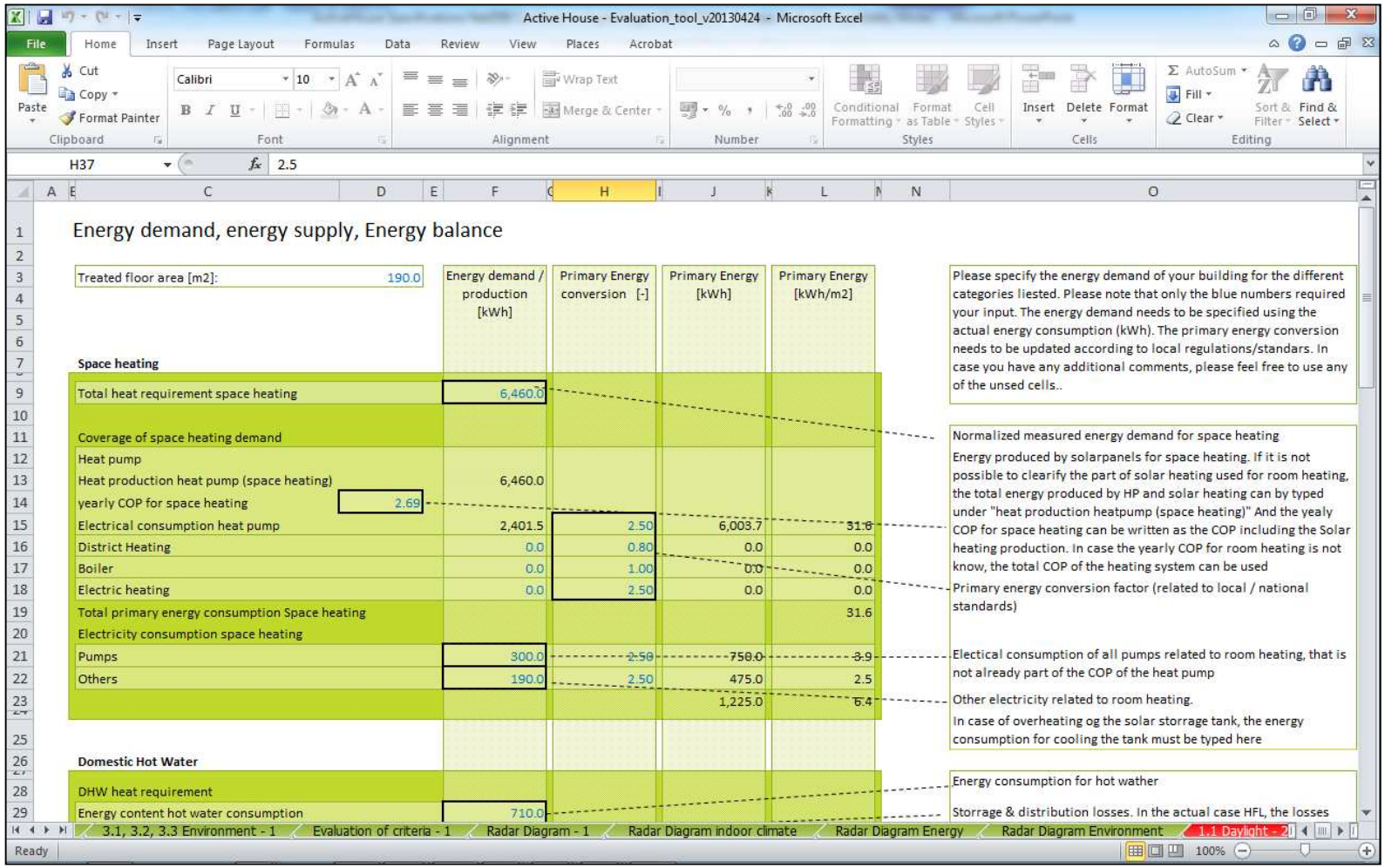
Active House: approfondimenti

Strumento a disposizione degli associati



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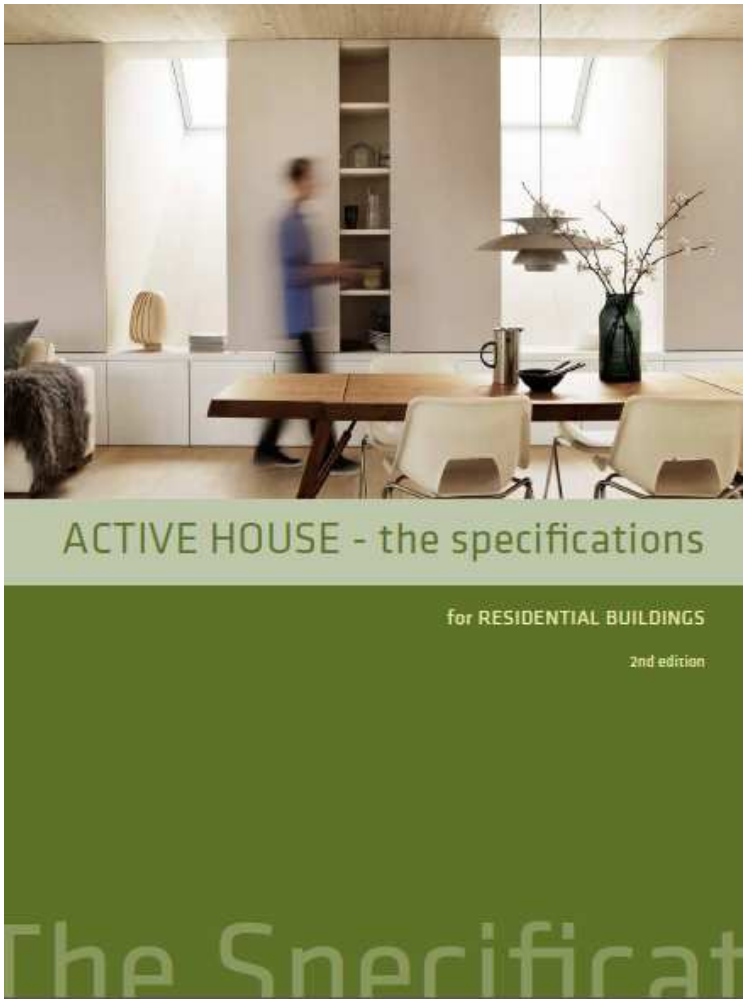
Active House: approfondimenti

Manuale sui dettagli tecnici

La seconda edizione del manuale può essere scaricato dalla homepage del sito Active House:
www.activehouse.info

Sono disponibili alcune copie.

Iscriviti alla newsletter:
www.activehouse.info



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Active House Alliance

Progetti in evidenza sulla homepage del sito

COMPLETION: 15 DECEMBER 2011

BOTTICELLI PROJECT - CASA ECO PASSIVHAUS -

MASCALUCIA - CT - SICILY, ITALY

Botticelli Project intends to diffuse concept of Active H building which focus the Third Industrial Revolution [J

COMPLETION: AUGUST 2011

CARBONLIGHT HOMES

KETTERING, UNITED KINGDOM (GREAT BRITAIN)

The CarbonLight Homes provide bright, healthy living s efficiency and a respect for the environment. This proje understanding of sustainable living...

COMPLETION: MARCH 2012

DE POORTERS VAN MONTFOORT

MONTFOORT, NETHERLANDS

De Poorters of Montfoort are the first houses in the Net principles of Active House, using a sustainable renova VELUX Group and Danfoss...

COMPLETION: JUNE 2012

ECO-ENERGY RETROFIT

BELFAST, UNITED KINGDOM (GREAT BRITAIN)

Retrofitting an1896 solid wall terraced house within the Trias Energetica concept and Active House principles against a 1990 baseline

COMPLETION: NOVEMBER 2009

ENERGYFLEXHOUSE

TÅSTRUP, COPENHAGEN, DENMARK

EnergyFlexHouse is two one's family houses, each of a test building, and the other building is a one family h

COMPLETION: 18.10.2013

GREAT GULF ACTIVE HOUSE

THORNLD, ONTARIO, CANADA

Great Gulf Active House was achieved through a collat architects, the award-winning Toronto architecture firm committed to...

COMPLETION: 2009

GREEN LIGHTHOUSE

COPENHAGEN, DENMARK

Green Lighthouse is Denmark's first public CO2 neutral than a year in a close public/private partnership.

COMPLETION: APRIL 2009

HOME FOR LIFE

LYSTRUP, DENMARK

Home for Life is inspired by a traditional Danish 1 of home has a relatively small surface with many p

COMPLETION: UNDER CONSTRUCTION

HOTT | HOUSE OF TOMORROW

STERKSEL NB, NETHERLANDS

HoTT is dutch's first building completely designed Stimbouwen and Active House. The layout is base residential program.

COMPLETION: SEPTEMBER 2009

HOUSE OF THE FUTURE

REGENSBURG, GERMANY

How will we live and heat our homes in the future? Regensburg, Germany impressively demonstrates t

COMPLETION: SEPTEMBER 2011

ISOBO AKTIV - A HOUSE FOR TI

SANDNES, NORWAY

Jadarhus was among the first in Norway to develop this category, ISOBO, was established in 2003. Th new active design...

COMPLETION: NOVEMBER 2010

LICHTAKTIV HAUS

HAMBURG, GERMANY

LichtAktiv Haus is an energy-efficient renovation of

COMPLETION: 2010

LUMINA HOUSE

DŁUGOŁĘKA, POLAND

Lumina House is an energy efficient, ecological so comfortable, intelligent, optimal and affordable new

COMPLETION: APRIL 2012

NATURFREUNDEHAUS KNOFELE

SCHNEEBERG/KNOPFLBERG A-2862 HIRSCHWANG, AUSTRIA

The old hut burned down in April. New building sh friendly than the old one and more user-friendly for

COMPLETION: 2009

OSRAM CULTURE CENTRE

COPENHAGEN, DENMARK

A very attractive energy and indoor climate renovation of a former industrial use as a cultural centre as part of a neighbourhood renewal project.

COMPLETION: OCTOBER 2009

SOLAR-ACTIVEHOUSE

KRAIG, AUSTRIA

Energy used for heating/hot water - whether it's from wood, coal, oil or natu literally been burned up. A solution is the solar-activehouse

COMPLETION: NOVEMBER 2010

SOLHUSET - DENMARK´S MOST CLIMATE FRIE NURSERY

HØRSHOLM, DENMARK

Children in Hørsholm can now play in the most climate-friendly nursery in

COMPLETION: OCTOBER 2010

SUNLIGHTHOUSE

FLEISSAUM, WIEN, AUSTRIA

Sunlighthouse is Austria's first carbon-neutral single-family house. Nestle mountainous region, the home's sloping roof and architectural elements advantage of the sun to...

COMPLETION: SEPTEMBER, 2011

THE FIRST ACTIVE HOUSE IN RUSSIA

MOSCOW, RUSSIAN FEDERATION

The First Active House in Russia is designed to set a new standard for re construction in Russia. The house design is based on the Active House

COMPLETION: DECEMBER 2012

TRANSFORMATION POORTERS VAN MONTFOO

MONTFOORT, NETHERLANDS

- DE POORTERS VAN MONTFOORT - Light is an experience, air is the fu makes living possible.

COMPLETION: 2011

VELUXLAB

MILAN, ITALY

VELUXlab is the first Italian nearly zero energy building in a University Ca in Bovisa Campus of Politecnico of Milan and it is a new laboratory for re

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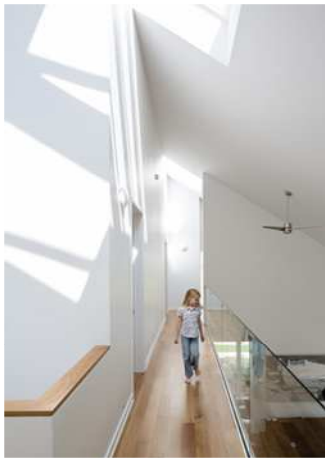
Great Gulf Active House



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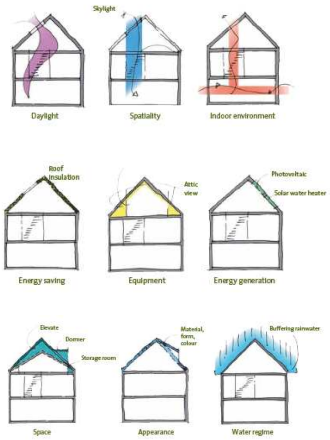
Ristrutturazione Montfoort



Project description

Building name:	De Poorters van Montfoort
Building type:	10 terraced single-family homes
Location:	Montfoort, the Netherlands
Active House evaluation basis:	Renovation
No. of storeys and areas	3 floors
Heated floor area:	Gross m² 131 m² Net m² 122 m²
Primary constructions:	Internal and external walls of bricks. Bearing interior walls of concrete. Concrete slabs.
Primary heating supply:	Electricity
Heating system:	Water-water heat pump supplemented by thermal solar collectors
Renewable energy:	Thermal solar collectors and heat pump for hot water supply and room heating. PV for electricity generation.

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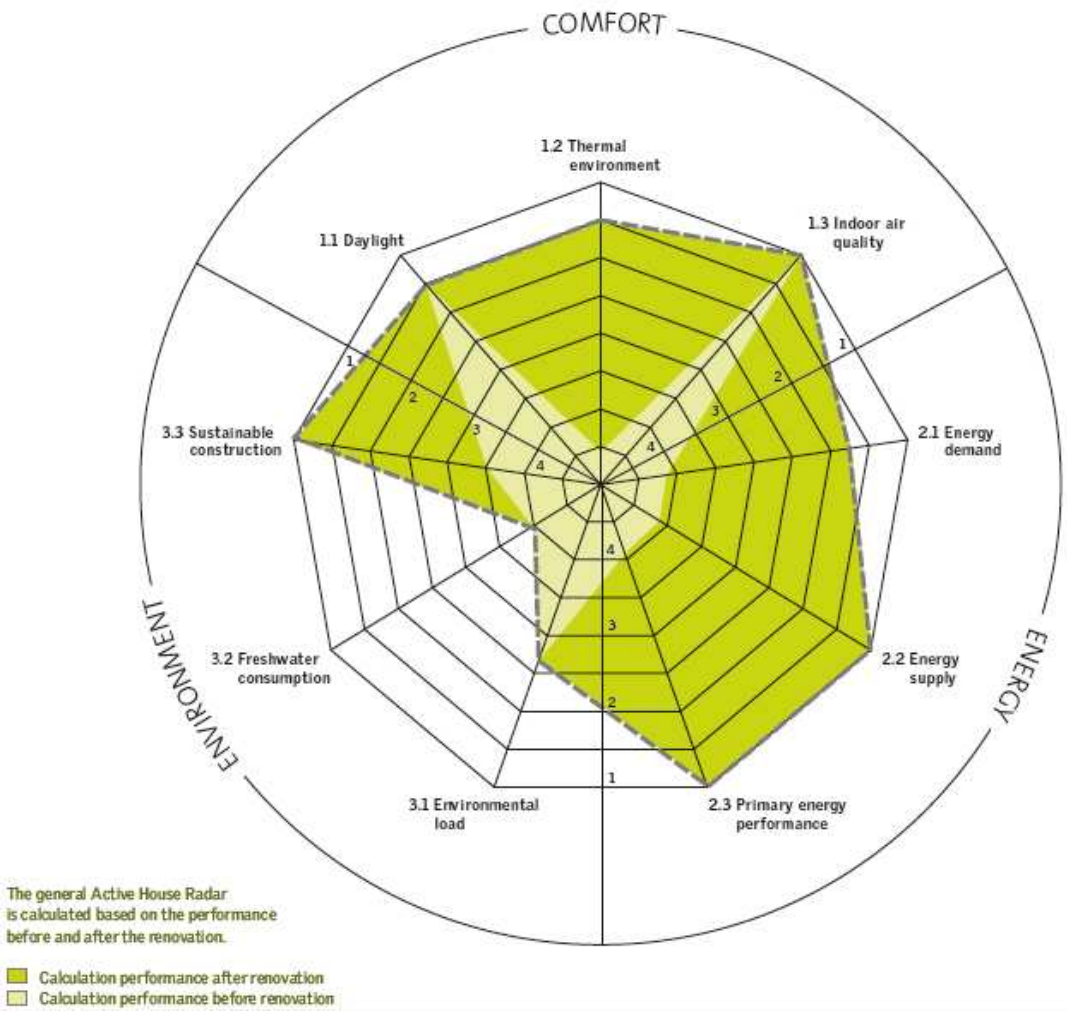
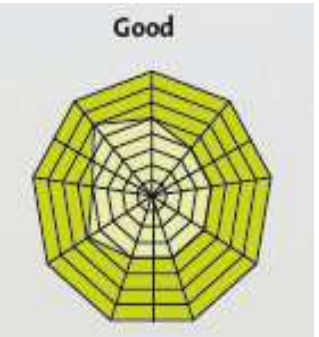
Ristrutturazione Montfoort





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ISCRIVITI ALLA NEWSLETTER

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www.activehouse.info

Contatta la segreteria:
secretariat@activehouse.info